



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

**PROCEEDINGS OF THE JOINT SESSION ON STATE
REGISTRATION OF THE NATIONAL LEAGUE FOR
NURSING EDUCATION AND THE AMERICAN NURSES'
ASSOCIATION, HELD IN ORCHESTRA HALL, CHI-
CAGO, JUNE 5, 1912. (ABRIDGED.)**

(One of the most interesting sessions held during the week of the Chicago conventions was that on state registration as a joint session of the two national societies. The discussions and papers were too lengthy to be published with the Proceedings of the American Nurses' Association in the August issue of the JOURNAL, but will be given in installments in successive numbers.—Ed.)

THE joint session on state registration was called to order on the evening of June 5, at 8.25, by the chairman, Mary M. Riddle, R.N., of Massachusetts, who said, in part:

“We are assembled here to-night for the consideration of a subject which is near to the heart of every nurse and which concerns not only her vital interest but the interests of the sick world which is leaning upon her. What better could we do than to look to that state for the lead in this matter, especially in the eastern part of our great country, that has furnished so many of us wise counsel and strict laws which we have felt obliged to follow if we were to be allowed a part in the registration of that great state?

“It gives me very much pleasure to introduce Miss Goodrich, of New York.”

**A GENERAL PRESENTATION OF THE STATUTORY
REQUIREMENTS OF THE DIFFERENT STATES**

By ANNIE W. GOODRICH, R.N.

I THINK it is wonderful that we have come together in this great hall to-night at the end of only eleven years to discuss the question of legislation concerning the practice of nursing. I know of no feature in our progress that is more encouraging or more inspiring than our legislation. Are our laws, you say at once, so satisfactory? No, certainly not. They are conspicuously weak and inefficient in almost every state, but what does legislation evidence? It evidences organization, unity of purpose, strength, professional progress, and, above all, the establishment, to the satisfaction of the community, that this profession has a definite service to render to the race.